

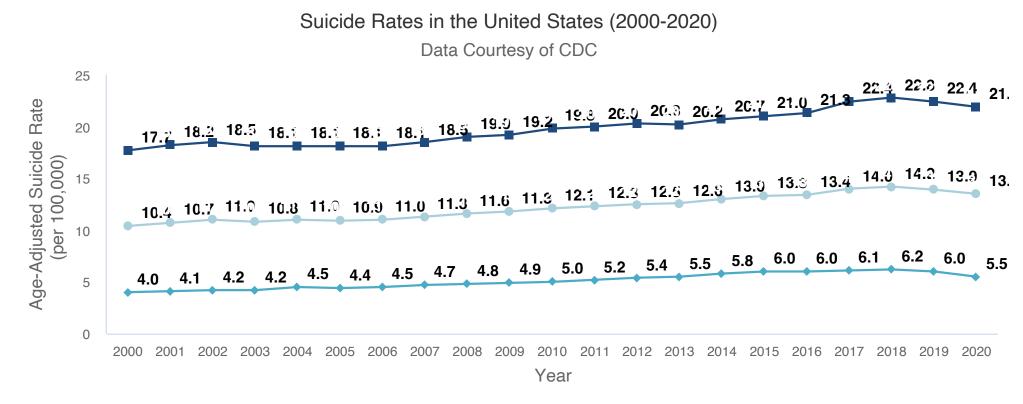
Compounding Issues from the Psychiatrist Shortage in the United States

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Background: Increased Need for Psychiatrists

Increasing Demands for Mental Health Services

- Suicide is the 2nd leading cause of death in ages 10 -14 after unintentional injury
- Pediatric mental health-related emergency department visits have almost doubled in the past 10 years
- 1 in 5 adults in the U.S. experience mental illness each year



Treatment Delays

- The average delay between onset of mental illness symptoms and treatment is 11 years
- 47.2% of U.S. adults with mental illness received treatment in 2021
- Nearly 60% of patients who receive mental health treatment do so through their primary care physician

Shortage Areas

164 million people live in mental health professional shortage areas

Psychiatrist Shortage

More than half of U.S. counties lack a psychiatrist

• Of 3,135 total counties in the United States, 1,446 had at least one psychiatrist (46.1%).



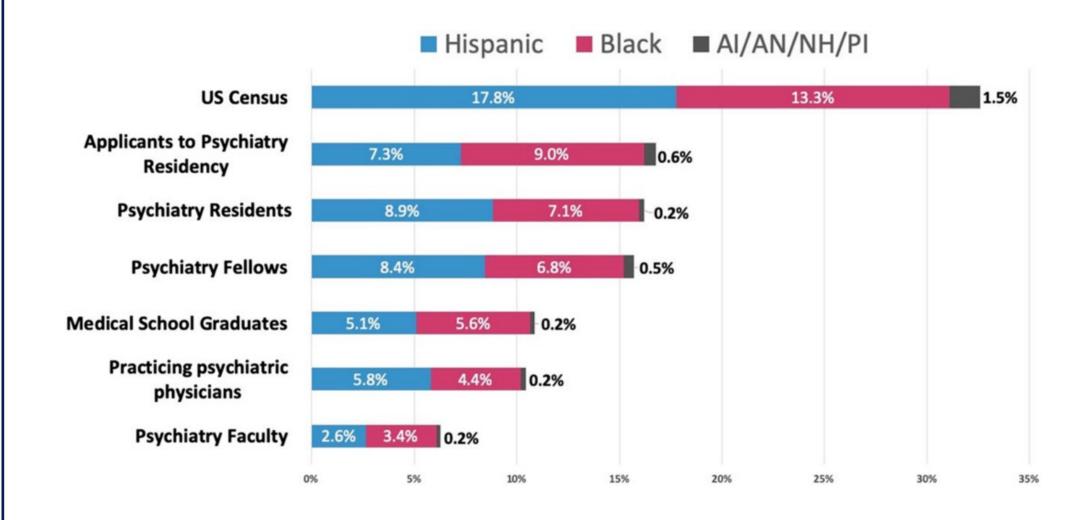
Compounding Issues from the Shortage

Increased Wait times for Psychiatric Care

- Individuals may wait up to several months for an intake appointment with a psychiatrist
- In 2022, the median wait time for in-person appointments was 67 days and for telepsychiatry was 43 days

Underrepresentation of Minorities in Psychiatrists

 Black, Hispanic, and American Indian, Alaskan Native, Native Hawaiian, Pacific Islander (AI/AN/NH/PI)
 psychiatrists are significantly underrepresented in their field as practicing physicians compared to the U.S. population



What is being done?

Expansion & Addition of Medical Residency Programs

- Legislation in 2020 added 200 residency slots across all medical specialties
- The number of residents in psychiatry has increased by 21%
- 57% of residency programs reported wishes to expand but faced financial barriers

What is being done (continued)

Telepsychiatry Services

- 40% of mental health services provided are via telehealth
- Self-paced modules for cognitive behavioral therapy are offered, which may provide patients with coping tools while they wait for an intake appointment

988 Lifeline Established in 2022

- Suicide and crisis lifeline is freely available to anyone 24 hours a day, 7 days a week
- Trained crisis counselors provide confidential support, crisis counseling, and additional resources via text or phone call

What else can be done?

Collaboration between Psychiatrists and Primary Care Physicians

- Nearly 60% of patients who receive mental health treatment do so through their primary care physician
- Collaboration between PCPs & psychiatrists can aid in ensuring patients are treated appropriately and in a time efficient manner

Continued Telepsychiatry & Telehealth Services

 Telepsychiatry offers individuals access to psychiatric treatment regardless if they are in a shortage area

Continued Funding for New Psychiatry Residency Programs and increased number of Residency Slots

 An increased number of psychiatry residents targets the issue at its core by directly increasing the number of practicing psychiatrists in the future

References

